

ACTION OF CLEVELAND COUNCIL

In Regard to Conciliating the Street Car Company and Its Striking Employees.

HOPE OF SUCCESS HELD OUT.

Scene of the Strike Troubles Transferred to South Brooklyn—Mayors at War.

CLEVELAND, O., July 26.—A step in which much hope of conciliating the street car company and its striking employees, was taken here to-night, by the committee of the council which succeeded in patching up an agreement over the difficulties which caused the first strike a month ago. The committee to-night, made a request for a special meeting of the council to meet to-morrow night to discuss ways and means of putting an end to the present distressing situation. It is regarded as probable that the old committee will be re-appointed and at once set about its labors. They succeeded in the first instance after the board of arbitration had failed, and a compromise whereby every fifth crew was to be non-union was patched up. The union men on their part agreed to treat the non-unionists working with them with every consideration shown members of the brotherhood.

Over allegations made by both sides that the other had violated this agreement, the strike which started a week ago Sunday, grew. The strikers say that the company did not put enough union men at work, and the company claims that their non-union employees were much harassed by the men of the association. The work of the committee which is expected to result from the meeting of councilmen to-morrow, will be primarily to discover if the agreement has been violated, and if so, by whom.

The action of the old committee in seeking to repeat their former success meets with the approval of General Axline, members of the state board of arbitration, and the mayor and his advisers, as well as citizens generally, it is said.

The Strike Situation.

CLEVELAND, O., July 26.—The storm centre of the street railway strike has, according to authorities, settled in Brooklyn, a suburb connected with Cleveland by a long high bridge. At noon 150 employees of the Boro Steel Range Company, blocked a car on the bridge and dragged the motorman and conductor from their posts, inflicting with their fists and other weapons, injuries more painful than serious. Soldiers on guard at the barn, about half a mile away, hurried to the scene, but the rioters had taken refuge in the factory which stands under the approach to the bridge. The factory was surrounded and the premises searched, but there was no clew by which the guilty ones could be picked out, so they bent their efforts in assisting the blood-stained motorman and conductor to move the car, most of the windows of which had been broken by stones.

General Axline, in command of the troops here, in order to personally view the situation, took a ride to-day, on an Orange street car. He was in civilian dress, and the car was stoned at various intervals all along the route. A rock came near hitting him. The general took other trips through the troubled districts, but declined to give his view of the situation. The vigilance of the guards while daylight aided them, prevented trouble of a serious nature. Preparations for mass meetings at various points were made during the day. It is expected that a large one will be held in Monumental square, in the heart of the city to-morrow night, unless the mayor prohibits it. In preparation for one, a platform was to-day erected in Brooklyn, to protest against the action of Mayor Farley, of Cleveland, who has assumed, under the authority of an almost forgotten statute, supreme police power in Cuyahoga county.

Mayors on the Onts.

This leaves Mayor Phelps, of the suburb, together with his constabulary, shorn of their robes of power, and not on the terms that existed between the storied governors of the two Carolinas. The soldiers and the Cleveland chief executive's special police in Brooklyn are not allowed to use the public hydrants to get water, it is said, and upon various occasions bayonets were of a necessity used to convince shopkeepers that it was wisest to sell soldiers what they wanted. Mayor Farley to-day mailed Mayor Phelps a letter in which he declared that if the Cleveland cohorts had any more trouble about getting water, Cleveland, which pumps the water to the suburb, would attempt to abrogate the water truce and let the whole hamlet go thirsty.

Mayor Farley also issued a statement to the strikers in which he said that a man who was more loyal to his labor union than to himself and his country, was a coward and a bad citizen.

Cars Run on Twelve Lines.

Cars were run on twelve lines of the Big Consolidated to-day and on most of the lines last night. From this the authorities take much hope for continued improvement. President Mahon, of the national union of street car employees, in an interview to-day declared that as the street car company, according to his information was losing thousands of dollars every day, the strike would have to be settled soon upon advances

made by the company. In the face of this, President Everett to-day again told the board of arbitration that the company had nothing to arbitrate. The board is unable to take action looking to a settlement in view of the attitudes of the opposing forces.

At noon a Brooklyn trolley car was stopped on the Brooklyn-Brighton bridge by strikers who boarded the car dragging the conductor and motorman from their posts. The two men were beaten and roughly handled, but not seriously injured. The soldiers acting as special police and on duty at the barn came up on the run, but the mob had by that time taken refuge in a factory under the bridge. The building was surrounded but no arrests were made, factory hands aiding the malcontents to escape.

The task of distributing the soldiers was to-day completed by General Axline. Many of them were sent out to Newburg, which includes the turbulent section of Broadway; to Pearl street and to Windermere, where the street railway company has the more valuable part of its property stored. A company was sent to Collinwood avenue also. Mayor Farley declared to-night that he would suppress violence if he had to call out the entire national guard of Ohio.

Probably Accidental.

A boy was shot this evening by a non-union conductor, but whether or not the bullet was an accidental one, the police have not yet determined. Frank Wright, a boy thirteen years old, was sitting on the front porch of the house at 33 Anandale avenue, when an electric car came along. Although there was no disturbance in the neighborhood at the time, it is stated the conductor, who stood on the front platform, with his motorman, carried a revolver in his hand. Suddenly it was discharged and young Wright gave a cry of pain. The bullet entered his right leg, just below the groin. The car ran onto Euclid avenue and run into the barn. When the police arrived the conductor was not to be found.

To Enjoin Strikers.

BRIDGETON, N. J., July 26.—The Cumberland Glass Company has obtained from Vice Chancellor Gray a rule for the striking union workmen to show cause why an injunction should not be issued restraining them from interfering in any manner with the operation of the company's large plant. The rule is returnable August 21, and is directed to the glass bottle blowers' association of the United States and its officers by name; the two local branches of the association and about twenty-five members of the same by name, together with "others at present unknown hereto to be added as defendants." The company in its affidavit declares it is unable to procure protection from the city or the county.

New York's Newsboys Strike.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The parade of striking newsboys which was to have taken place to-night, was postponed until to-morrow night. The reason, Morris Cohen, the new president of the newsboys union says, that Chief Devery did not sign the permit that Mayor Van Wyck granted. The chief claimed the six hours notice which, under the law, he is entitled to. This the boys did not give him and he did not consider that he had sufficient time to make the necessary police arrangements. The parade is to be headed by a band and carriages, and it is expected that several thousand boys will parade. Five thousand attended a recent mass meeting, 2,000 coming from Brooklyn.

Puddlers Wages Increased.

POTTSTOWN, Pa., July 26.—An advance on puddling rates from \$3.75 to \$4 per ton will go into effect Monday, next at the Pottstown Iron Company's works, now leased by the Glasgow Iron Company. This is the highest rate paid here for twelve years and is almost double the rate paid six months ago. Other iron concerns here are expected to make a similar increase.

New York Tailors Strike.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The United Brotherhood of Tailors in a secret conference to-day with the representatives of independent unions, decided that it would take up the battle of the striking coatmakers. Accordingly about 1,500 tailors belonging to the brotherhood quit work.

A LABOR UNION

Of Poles and Slavs That Promises to be a Tremendous Factor in the Pittsburgh District.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 26.—The Dispatch to-morrow will print the forecast of a labor organization, which, if carried through successfully, promises to be a tremendous factor in the labor world in this vicinity.

It seems that for some time past secret work has been carried on for the organization of the Poles and Slavs in the mills along Penn avenue and quite a formidable union has already been effected. It is the intention of the organization to make demands on August 1 for better pay, shorter hours and the correction of a number of alleged abuses. None but Poles or Slavs can become members of the union and it seems the intention is to have the companies employ none but Poles or Slavs for common labor about the mills.

The chief grudge of the foreigners is against the negro laborers and they want to get rid of them entirely. It is said a Polish priest is one of the principal leaders in the movement. And he is assisted by some of the prominent interpreters of the city. When it is considered that the unskilled labor about a mill outnumbers the skilled labor several times, and that the big majority of the laborers are Poles or Slavs the great power of an organization of these workers can be appreciated.

New Furnace to be Built

NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 26.—Contracts have been let by the National Steel Company for the building and equipment of the largest blast furnace in the Shenango valley. The furnace is to cost \$1,000,000, with a capacity of 600 tons daily and improvements to the extent of 500 tons have been decided upon for the increase of the output of the steel plant already in operation here. The entire product of the new blast furnace and all the other furnaces now in operation here will be consumed by the steel plant.

SPECTACLE THAT PAINS GOMEZ.

Says the Money Gratuity of United States has Become a Decided Affliction.

HAS BEEN CAUSE OF ILL WILL

Among Those who by Right and Justice Should be Eternally United.

HAVANA, July 26.—In an interview with General Gomez, printed in La Lucha to-day the Cuban commander was quoted as saying:

"Never has a plague more afflictive fallen upon Cuba than the \$3,000,000 asked from President McKinley for the Cuban soldiers. The money has been the cause of ill-will among those who by right and justice should be eternally united.

"The history of the money is curious. It was thought at first that it ought not to have been received, as it was a dishonor to the Cubans. The aspect is changed now, and it should cause pain to see wandering through Havana soldiers begging for what it was supposed they would refuse with serenity.

"The formation of the supplementary lists of persons incapacitated in the war and the work of payment has already cost \$6,000. This money was furnished by Governor General Brooke, as the Cubans do not possess the ground upon which they tread. Those who do not know the work and the expense involved, are naturally impatient and hold responsible some one who in no way helped to get the money nor asked anyone to receive it.

"Those whose names appear on the supplementary lists should not be paid before those who are on the original lists, so as to preserve order.

"As the money was the gift of the American government, I am pained by the interest shown by my soldiers who were trained to go hungry on their march to liberty. The republic will pay them, but when, is uncertain. Impatience will not further matters."

THREE CABLEGRAMS

From Otis—Bandits Robbing and Impressing People in Cebu.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—Three cable messages from General Otis were received at the war department to-day. One reports another engagement with bandits in Cebu, in which the American force was victorious. It bears date of to-day and is as follows:

"Following from Cebu to-day: Bandits in Cebu mountains robbing and impressing people of coast towns. On Monday, Lieutenant Moore, with detachment Twenty-third infantry, while scouting in mountains, fired upon from strongly fortified position; one private killed, name not given. No other casualties. Enemy's loss five bandits killed, seven captured."

Another refers to the organization of the volunteer regiments in the Philippines, as follows: "Bell has enlisted about five hundred men. Wallace, still south has about four hundred. Leckett now enlisting; has over four hundred applications, which are coming in rapidly. Might raise here an additional regiment, exclusively volunteers."

Colonel Bell referred to in the dispatch is in command of the Thirty-sixth infantry, and Colonel Wallace, of the Twenty-seventh. Colonel Leckett is in command of the cavalry regiment, which is to be raised in the Philippines. The third dispatch says: "Storm has abated. Sherman cooled, leaves to-day with all troops California; Grant being cooled, leaves in about four days with troops North Dakota, Wyoming and Idaho. Minneapota preparing to leave on Sheridan soon as transport can be unloaded and cooled. Other volunteer organizations leave soon as transports are available."

General Otis has been called to send the volunteers home as rapidly as possible, it being the desire of the President to have no delay in the matter.

TO PREVENT LYNCHINGS.

Militia in Georgia and Alabama Guarding the Jails.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., July 26.—Two companies of state militia ordered here by Governor Candler to prevent any further lynchings, arrived at 3 o'clock this morning and are now on duty around the Decatur county jail. John Williams, the negro whose life was threatened last night was not lynched, and when the state troops arrived they found the mob had dispersed. It is alleged the mob will be reorganized to-night.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 26.—State troops are being rushed to Callman to save from lynchers Henderson Tunstall, the negro who killed Justice of the Peace J. K. Hamilton at Mount Springs last Friday night, while resisting arrest. Tunstall was arrested at Callman last night. When the cab reached Mount Springs a mob was formed to go to Callman to lynch Tunstall. The mob left Mount Springs on the north-bound passenger train passing that place about 1 p. m. On hearing of this the governor ordered out the Birmingham rifles to protect the negro and the militia will leave here in half an hour.

EXCITING SCENES

In the Spanish Senate—General Weyler is Called Down.

MADRID, July 26.—The discussion of the army bill in the senate to-day led to an exciting scene. General Weyler, arguing against any reduction of the strength of the army, warned the government that the present situation made a revolution highly probable, since it had never been so easy for the army and the people to make common cause. He himself, he said, had never thought of heading a rising, but it sometimes cleared that revolution atmosphere and accomplished the work of regeneration.

Senator Dato, minister of the interior, replying, severely censured General Weyler, declaring that a general who, with 200,000 men had failed to suppress the Cuban rebellion, had no right to

make such threats, and that any attempt at revolution, no matter by whom, would be proceeded against with the utmost rigor of the law. The senators warmly applauded Senator Dato's speech. The army bill was adopted.

M'GRAW'S MARE'S NEST.

Taking of Depositions Protesting Senator Scott's Title to a Seat in the United States Senate.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 26.—The taking of depositions in the case of the protest against the retention of a seat in the United States senate by Hon. N. B. Scott was resumed to-day. The evidence of Senators C. W. Osen-ton and W. L. Ashby, and Delegate J. J. Haptonstall was taken, after which an adjournment was taken until August 3rd, owing to the absence of Chairman Ohley, of the state Democratic organization committee.

Delegate Haptonstall was the Republican member who bolted the caucus which nominated Scott, and voted for Nathan Goff. When asked the question this afternoon, whether threats of violence had been made to compel him to vote for Scott, he replied: "I decline to answer."

The testimony he gave was voluntary. The evidence taken to-day was principally devoted to the agreement made by which the contest cases in the senate and house were dismissed, and under which the joint convention was held, the object being to prove that Scott's election was illegal.

Frank L. Welles, of Washington, represented Mr. McGraw, and Attorney General Rucker represented Mr. Scott. Testimony will be taken in Parkersburg in a few days.

REV. GRAVAT ELECTED

Coadjutor Bishop by the Episcopal Council at Clarksburg.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CLARKSBURG, W. Va., July 26.—At a session of the Episcopal Council here to-night, Rev. W. L. Gravat, of Charleston, was elected bishop coadjutor on the sixteenth ballot. Dr. S. S. Moore, of Parkersburg, was a strong second, with W. Cable Brown, of Brazil, John S. Gibson, of Huntington, and D. M. Spurr, of Moundsville, well up in the race.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 26.—Petitions in bankruptcy have been filed in the United States district court here by I. M. Chandler, of Hinton; S. T. Chambers, of Mingo county; A. L. Gordon, of Huntington; A. E. White, of Sweet Springs; H. L. Kirtley, of Putnam county; William Herold, of Pocahontas county, and G. S. Gilpin, of Brooklyn, Raleigh county. White places his liabilities at \$9,233.17 and his assets at nothing. The liabilities of the others are all small.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE BONDS

Purchased by New York Bankers. The Refunding Scheme.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Brown Bros. & Co. and Maltland, Coppel & Co. have purchased from the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company the new first mortgage consolidated 4 per cent bonds, issued for the improvements on the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Cleveland, Canton & Southern and Cleveland Belt lines.

These same banking firms have undertaken to refund the Wheeling & Lake Erie divisional 5 per cent mortgage bonds into new 4 per cent bonds. The refunding plan will not be made known for some time.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLES.

Kruger's Resignation Only Refused by Chairman's Casting Vote—Outlanders Denounce Franchise Law.

JOHANNESBURG, July 26.—A rumor is current here that the read at first refused to accept President Kruger's resignation only by the chairman's casting vote. Any way, the dynamite company appear to be alarmed at the apparent determination of the volksraad to cancel the monopoly and have submitted to the government proposals for the reduction of the price of dynamite gelatine. These are accompanied, however, by certain stipulations, one being that the reduction should be dependent on the annual sale of 250,000 cases.

The volksraad adjourned the discussion of these proposals. It is stated that the executive council at Pretoria has adopted the new distribution proposal, giving the Witwatersrand gold fields ten members in the volksraad instead of four, and an additional six members for Klerksdorp, Heidelberg and Petsefontein.

An immense meeting of outlanders held here to-night adopted resolutions, denouncing the franchise law as wholly inadequate and demanding effective guarantees and a proper re-distribution scheme.

BEHIND THE BIER

Of the Dead Agnostic—Many Letters of Sympathy Received.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Walston, the beautiful home at Dobbs Ferry, where Robert G. Ingersoll died, was a quiet place to-day. The body of the dead agnostic lay on his flower covered bier. Only the widow and daughters sat near, all the others kept away. Three hundred letters were received to-day from all over the country, most of them from intimate friends. Among those who sent letters were J. H. Manley, of Maine; Mrs. Elizabeth Cary Stanton, who wrote a beautiful letter of hope and sympathy; Octave Thanet; and Owen Miller, president of the American Federation of Musicians. This is what Mr. Miller wrote from St. Louis to Mrs. Ingersoll:

"On behalf of 15,000 professional musicians comprising the American Federation of Musicians, permit me to extend you my heartfelt and most sincere sympathy in the irreparable loss of the model husband, father and friend. In him the musicians of not only this country, but of all countries, have lost one whose noble nature grasped the true meaning of our sublime art and whose intelligence gave those impressions expression in words of glowing eloquence that will live as long as language exists."

The incineration will be strictly private. The time has not even been set, in order that the public may not know. The funeral party will wait during the hours while the body is being consumed to take the ashes back with them.

DOMINICAN PRESIDENT ASSASSINATED

Yesterday Afternoon—Murderer Succeeds in Escaping but is Being Pursued.

HE WAS A MODEL EXECUTIVE

And Accomplished Wonders in Bringing Happiness and Prosperity to the People.

FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, July 26.—General Ulysses Heurcaux, president of the Dominican Republic, was assassinated at Moca, Santo Domingo, at half past 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The name of the murderer is Ramon Caeroes. He succeeded in making his escape, but an energetic pursuit was at once begun and it is probable that he will soon be captured.

Vice President General Wencoslaw Figueroa immediately upon the announcement of the President's death, assumed the direction of affairs.

At present calmness prevails everywhere in the republic. The remains of President Heurcaux will probably be taken to Santo Domingo for the funeral services.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—No information was received up to half past 9 o'clock to-night, from the consul representatives of the United States in Santo Domingo regarding the assassination there to-day of President Heurcaux. Pending official advice of the assassination, no formal action will be taken by this government.

Secretary Long said he could not recall that there were any ships of the United States navy now in Santo Domingo waters. Should the developments of the next few days show a feeling of unrest and uncertainty regarding the future affairs of the island, a United States man-of-war will be dispatched to that vicinity to look out for the protection of American interests.

Was a Model Executive.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Senator Don Alejandro Wozzyl, consul general of the Dominican republic, when seen at his home here to-night, could scarcely credit the news of the assassination of his president, Senator Ulysses Heurcaux. "President Heurcaux did wonders to make our people happy and give us prosperity. He was serving his second term, and in a year would have finished his labor as president. He was formerly minister of the interior and also served as secretary of war. Moca is a town three days ride by horse from Santo Domingo."

AWFUL ACT

Of an Insane Man—Kills His Wife and Two Daughters While Asleep, and Cuts His Own Throat.

BRAZIL, Ind., July 26.—Charles Wolfangel became violently insane last night at his home in Denmark, south of here, and, seizing a hatchet, chopped his two daughters and wife to death while they were sleeping. He then took a knife and cut his own throat.

It is thought the oldest girl was awakened when her sister was killed, as evidences of a struggle were apparent. One of Wolfangel's daughters is staying with Alex McCullough, near Asherville. Wolfangel called at McCullough's last Sunday and requested his daughter to accompany him home. The girl called on Mr. McCullough to shield her from her father's wrath, and he did so by driving Wolfangel from his house. The murdered children were eight and twelve years old.

REVOLTING MURDER.

Woman Murders her Infant and Throws Remains to Hogs.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., July 26.—The most revolting murder that has startled this county came to light to-day, when the discovery was made that Mrs. Fannie Stevenson, colored, of Hamorton, crushed her infant child's head with an axe, after which she threw the body into a pen of hungry hogs, by whom the remains were devoured. The murderess is only twenty years old, and with her reputed husband, Joseph Stevenson has fled. It is said that before leaving she made a confession of the crime to some one, and that it reached the ears of the authorities. The latter prepared to arrest her, and were only awaiting the result of some investigation regarding the suspected connection of her husband with the crime, when the couple left home. Detectives are searching for them, and their arrest is expected in a few days.

CLEVELAND RACES.

The First Event Furnishes a Sensation—A Racer Drops Dead.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—There was a big crowd at the grand circuit races to-day, nearly 10,000 persons being present when the bell sounded. There was a long card, five events being scheduled including the unfinished 2:19 trot. That was the first race and it furnished a sensational incident. As the horses were being warmed up, Hazel Ridge, fell dead. He was owned by Charles Gauntlett, of Milan, Mich. Temper took the first heat and looked like a winner, but Dorothea took the next two heats and the race.

In the 2:23 pace, Coney was a strong favorite and he got the first heat, but Bob Fitzsimmons took the second after a hot and exciting finish and he got the next two heats and the race with ease. The queen was the favorite in the 2:23 trot and she justified the confidence of her backers, for after she got the first two heats and had been chased hard by Royal Baron in the next two in the fifth by an easy victory.

The 2:19 was easily settled by Fritz, who took the two heats necessary, after a close finish in the first with Edward S. Arbuteskan, who had been played as a winner in this event. There was a big field and lots of interest in the 2:17 trot, but Merriem, after a and finish in the second heat, took the prize, being hard pressed by Derby Lass and Black Robert.

ELKINS ON ALGER.

Says he was a Great War Secretary, and Maintains That he was a Much Maligned Man.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, who was secretary of war under the Harrison administration, is in Washington. Discussing Secretary Alger's retirement from the cabinet, he said:

"Secretary Alger was secretary of war during the conduct of the most successful war in the history of the United States. He achieved the greatest results in the shortest possible space of time. His quick and victorious conclusions while he was at the head of his department is a fact that stands out most prominently and cannot be disputed. Of course there were mistakes. There are always mistakes, but in this particular war the mistakes were infinitesimal compared with the great results that were accomplished."

"Secretary Alger," continued the senator, speaking deliberately and with emphasis, "has been compelled to endure a series of undeserved, not to say brutal assaults. He did not deserve the harsh things which were said of him, but he bore them bravely, standing manfully under the abuse which might otherwise have been thrown at the President. Time will vindicate him. There will be a reaction in his favor."

"If any these things all the more readily because Secretary Alger and I have not been in the same way of thinking in our party. I am no apologist for him. I don't want to be drawn into any controversy, but I hope I may never hesitate to do justice to any man."

THE WAY OUT

Of Senatorial Deadlocks in the Legislatures of the States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—Senator Stewart, of Nevada, said to-day that, in order to obviate the apparent necessity of an amendment to the constitution to insure at all times a full representation of the states in the United States senate, at the next session of the Congress he would offer relief by legislation which, the senators says, may prove satisfactory. He proposes that the following paragraph be added at the end of section 15, title 2, chapter 1, of the revised statutes:

"If on the third Tuesday after the organization of the legislature no person has received such majority, then on that day or any succeeding day, the person receiving a plurality of the votes cast, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared elected."

This, he believes, will meet the necessities of the case and insure the election of a United States senator in every state at the time specified by law.

PRESIDENT LEAVES.

Washington for Several Weeks Stay at Lake Champlain.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—President and Mrs. McKinley left Washington on a special train at 3 o'clock this afternoon for the Hotel Albany, Lake Champlain, for a stay of several weeks. With the President were Miss Sarah Duncan, his niece, Secretary Cortelyou and a retinue of white house attaches and servants. A crowd of several hundred people were at the station to see the presidential party off. Secretary Hitchcock, Postmaster General Smith, Adjutant General Corbin and Controller Dawes were also at the train to bid the party farewell. The train upon which the party travelled, consisted of the sleeper Coronet, the composite car Patagonia and the Atlantic. It went over the Pennsylvania road to Jersey City, thence by the West Shore to Albany, and by the Delaware & Hudson railroad to Lake Champlain. The party is due to arrive at the Hotel Albany at 8:45 to-morrow morning.

NICARAGUAN PRESS

Exciting the People Against the United States.

Correspondence of the Associated Press. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 6.—The official and semi-official news in Nicaragua contain columns daily written to excite the people against the government and people of the United States, declaring that the United States desires to "subjugate them to its authority," "to annex Nicaragua," and that the United States authorities paid no attention to the blockade and closing of the port of Bluefields, Nicaragua, by the government of Nicaragua in February, 1899.

The true cause probably of the active efforts of the official and semi-official newspapers in Nicaragua to create a prejudice on the part of the people against the government and citizens of the United States is that the government of Nicaragua recently endeavored, and in a few instances successfully, by threats to force citizens of the United States, engaged in merchandising at Bluefields during the revolution there in February, to pay duties twice on the same invoices of imports. This was checked by the prompt interference of the government of the United States, which had demanded the return of the money collected the second time.

Jeffries to Sail for Europe.

NEW YORK, July 26.—James J. Jeffries, the pugilist, arrived to-day in this city after a pleasant tour across the country. The big fellow will sail for Europe to-morrow on the North German liner Fuerst Bismarck. He is in prime condition for his contests with Charley Mitchell and Jim Smith, which are to take place abroad within a fortnight. Jeffries will return here about September 15, when he will go into training at Asbury Park for his fight with Sharkey.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair Thursday; probably fair and cooler Friday; variable winds, becoming northwesterly.

For West Virginia, generally fair Thursday; fair and cooler Friday; variable winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schneck, druggist, corner of Market and Fourteenth street, was as follows:

7 a. m. 77 3 p. m. 81

9 a. m. 81 7 p. m. 83

12 m. 83 Weather—Fair.

FINE UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE

Owing to a misunderstanding between husband and wife, a fine Clifford Upright Piano has been placed in our hands for immediate disposal. The piano is practically new and was built by Clifford Chickering, a man with a national reputation as an expert piano builder. We are authorized to sell the piano for one-half of the original price. If you want or need a piano, here is a rare opportunity. F. W. BAUMER CO.